Flow Monitors and Sensors

for intermittent and circulating centralized lubrication systems







Flow monitors/sensors have the task of monitoring the flow of oil from the pump or a piston distributor element to the lube point. Flow monitors with various designs are used for this job. A further task involves monitoring a continuous flow of oil from a pump through a lubrication system. These flow monitors are designed for a throughput ranging from 0,5 cm³ to 14000 cm³.

Flow sensors keep an eye on the flow of oil from a metering point to the lube point, the metering point metering out a small amount of oil for only a short period of time.

Depending on the type, flow sensors can monitor oil quantities ranging from 10 mm³ all the way to 600 mm³ per lubricant pulse.

The oil-streak sensors monitor the continuity of the oil flow in oil+air systems.

So the following points have to be observed when selecting an appropriate monitoring device:

- intermittent or continuous operation
- kind of lubrication system
- · oil quantity to be monitored
- eff. viscosity of the lubricant
- system pressure.



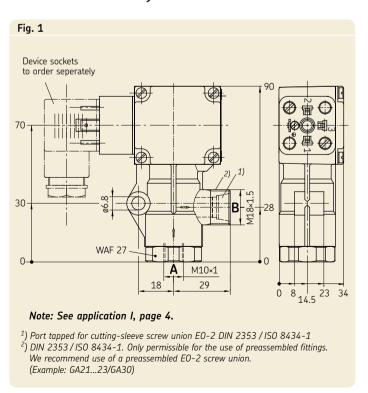
Overview flow monitors and -sensors

Please have a look at the important product usage information on the back cover of the brochure.

Designation	Order No.	Metered quantity flow rate	Application	Port A	Port B	Fig	Page
Flow monitor	171-100-011	0,2 – 1,5 cm³/pass	Intermittend totalloss lubrication systems	M10×1	M18×1,5	1	2
Flow monitor	171-210-051 171-210-052 171-210-053 171-210-054 171-210-055	50 - 100 100 - 200 200 - 500 cm ³ /min 500 - 800 800 - 1800	Circulating centralized lubrication systems	M10×1	M18×1,5	2	3
Flow monitor	171-210-061 171-210-062 171-210-063 171-210-064 171-210-065	1,6 - 2,5 2,3 - 4,0 3,6 - 6,0 l/min 5,5 - 10,0 8,0 - 14,0	Circulating centralized lubrication systems	M18×1,5	M18×1,5	3	3
Flow sensor	GS300 GS304N GS304P	10 – 600 mm³/lmpuls	Intermittend centralized lubrication syster e.g. with piston distributors, metering eler Oil+air centralized lubrication systems		n oilers,	4	8
Oil-streak sensor	GS4011-S20 GS6011-S20 GS4011-S50 GS6011-S50	120 - 600 120 - 600 60 - 120 mm ³ /h 60 - 120	Oil+air centralized lubrication systems for the lube point	assembling ve	ry close to	5	9
Oil-streak sensor	GS4011-S300 GS6011-S300	ab 2 mm ³ /Impuls	Oil+air centralized lubrication systems for the lube point	assembling ve	ry close to	5	9
Please note: See leaflet 1-1730-EN for associated line sockets.							

Flow monitors for monitoring of an intermittend flow of oil

Totalloss lubrication systems

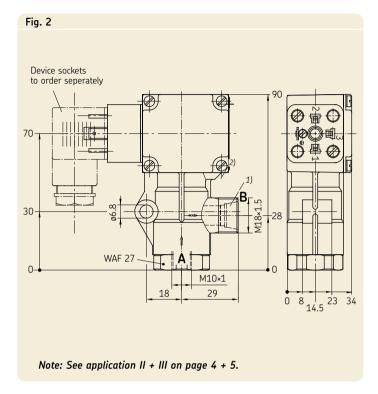


Technical data	
Number of cycles	max. 2/min ³)
	20-750 mm²/s
Actuating pressure	min. 4 bars 4) max. 30 bars
Electr. switching	changeover 250 V AC, 0,5 A
Type of enclosure	IP 44
Mounting position	any
Materials:	
Housing	die-cast zinc, polyamide
Seals	NBR (FKM version on request)
3) Suitable for medial open decreases the number of	rating viscosity. In case of higher viscosity of cycles.
	l lubrication systems the main line needs to have a pressure of at least 14 bars.

Order No.	Flow rate
171-100-011	0,2 – 1,5 cm³/pass

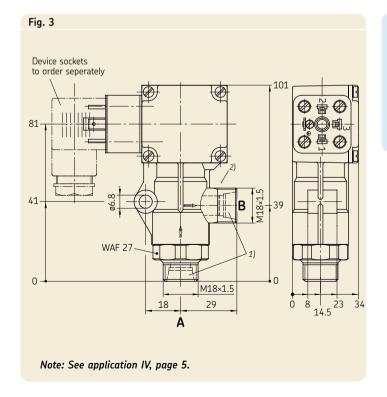
Flow monitors for the monitoring of a continuous flow of oil

circulating lubrication systems with 50 bis 1800 cm³/min or 1,6 bis 14 l/min



lechnical data	
Operating viscosity	20 – 1000 mm ² /s
Actuating pressure	min. 4 bars ³), max. 25 bars
Electr. switching	changeover 250 V AC, 0,5 A
Perm. operating temperature	+ 5 bis +80 °C
Type of enclosure	IP 65
Mounting position	any
Materials:	
Housing	die-cast zinc, polyamide
Seals	NBR (FKM version on request)
3) If the flow monitors are equipped with at least 6 bars are required in the feet	

Order No. (Fig. 2)	Flow rate
171-210-051	50 - 100
171-210-052	100 – 200
171-210-053	200 – 500 cm³/min
171-210-054	500 – 800
171-210-055	800 – 1800



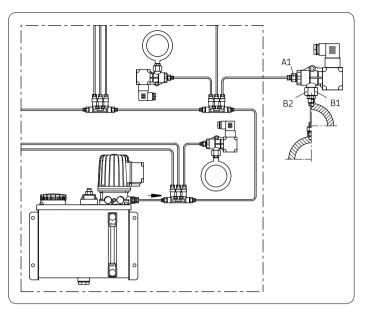
Onder No. (Fig. 2)	Flow rate
Order No. (Fig. 3)	riow rate
171-210-061	1,6 - 2,5
171-210-062	2,3 - 4,0
171-210-063	3,6 – 6,0 l/min
171-210-064	5,5 – 10,0
171-210-065	8,0 – 14,0

1) Port tapped for cutting-sleeve screw union EO-2 DIN 2353 / ISO 8434-1

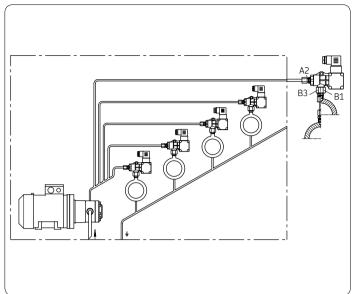
²) DIN 2353 / ISO 8434-1. Only permissible for the use of preassembled fittings. We recommend use of a preassembled E0-2 screw union. (Example: GA21...23/GA30)

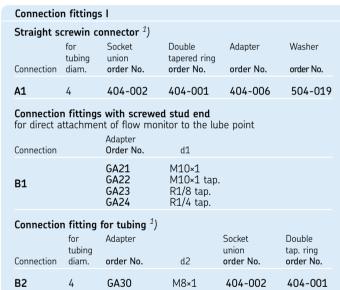
System examples and connection fittings

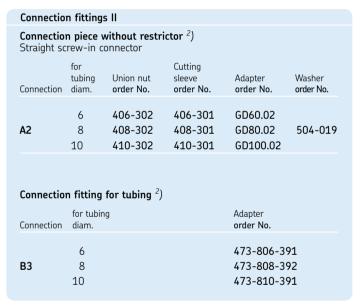
I. Singleline, totalloss lubrication system with piston distributors

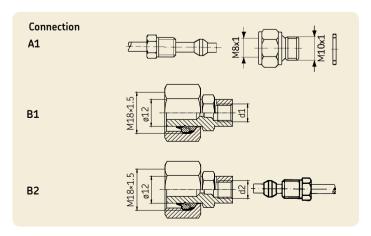


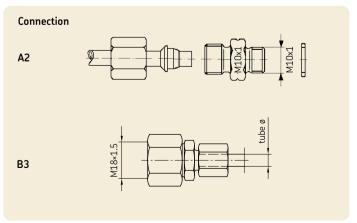
II. Circulating lubrication system with multicircuit pump unit







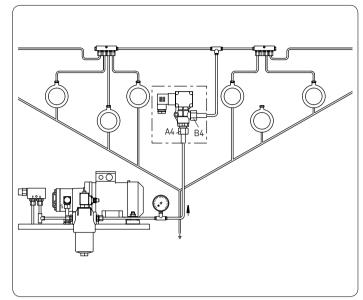




System examples and connection fittings

${\ensuremath{\mathsf{III}}}.$ Circulating lubrication system with restrictors

$\ensuremath{\text{IV.}}$ Circulating lubrication system with restrictor tubes

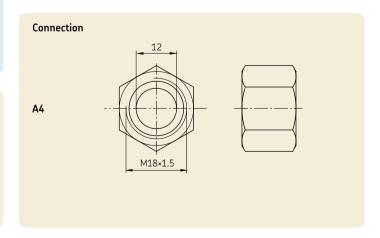


				Connecti	on fittings III
Connection Straight sc	•	with restrictor	or ²)		
Connection	for tubing diam.	Union nut order No.	Cutting sleeve order No.	Adapter with (compl. with order No.	
Δ3	6	406-302	406-301	GD60 GD61 GD62 GD63 GD64 GD65	60 61 62 63 64 65
A3	8	408-302	408-301	GD80 GD81 GD82 GD83 GD84 GD85 GD86 GD87 GD88 GD89	80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88

Connection	Code
АЗ	
	The required restrictor sizes are determined with the nomograph on page 6

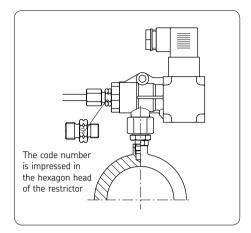
Connection fit				
Only for a range of 1.6 to 14 l/min (flow monitor as per Fig. 2, page 3)				
Tube union ²) for direct conn	ection to the flow mo	onitor		
Connection	for tubing diam.	Function nut order No.		
A4	12	460-212-001		

- 1) Port tapped for solderless tube connection 2) Port tapped for solderless cutting-sleeve screw union to DIN 2353



Nomograph for determination of restrictor sizes

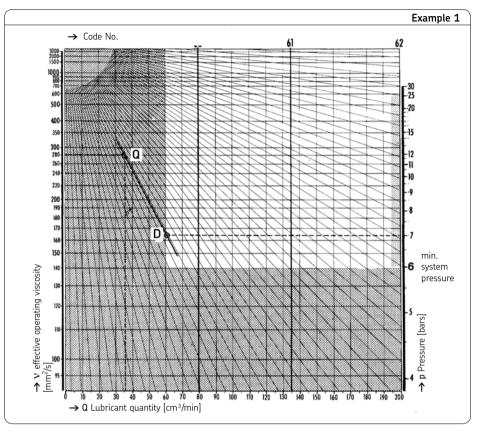
(connection A3, system example III)



Determining the restrictor size

- 1. Draw a straight line along the index lines through point \mathbf{Q} \mathbf{v} effective.
- 2. Determine the point at which ${\bf p}$ intersects with this line, resulting in ${\bf D}$.
- 3. Select the restrictor closest to point D.

D must be inside the white field, that means small amounts cannot be "apportioned and monitored" with the unit.



Example 1:

required: Q = $36 \text{ cm}^3/\text{min}$, given: $v \text{ eff.} = 280 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$

p = 7 bars

Result: restrictor size No. 60

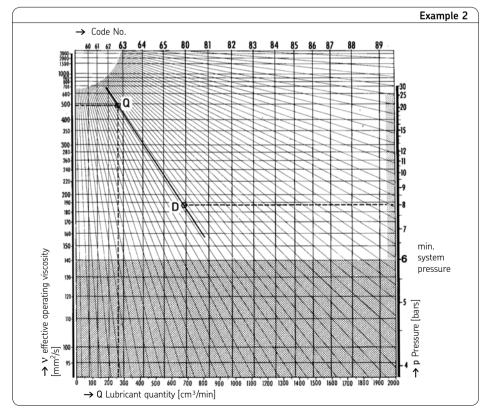
(borderline case)

Example 2:

required: Q = 260 cm 3 /min, given: v eff. = 480 mm 2 /s

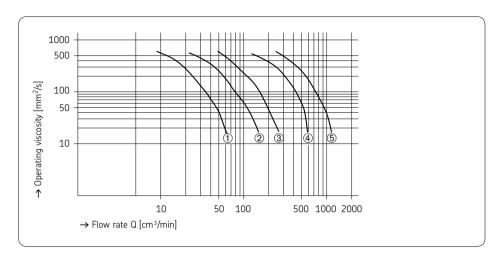
p = 8 bars

Result: restrictor size No. 80

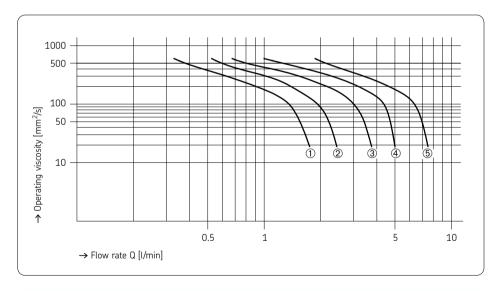


Flow rate at activation point as a factor of the viscosity

Flow monitors to monitor a flow of oil (circulating lubrication system)



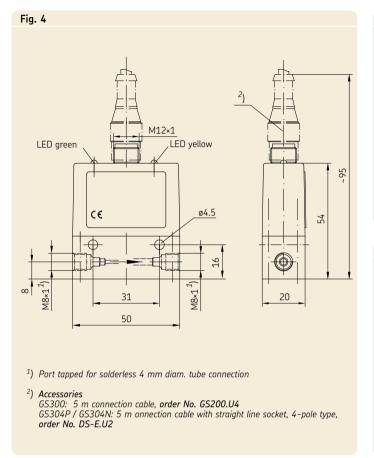
Order No.	Flow rate activation point [cm³/min]	Actuation curve as per diagram
171-210-051	35	①
171-210-052	75	②
171-210-053	150	③
171-210-054	400	④
171-210-055	700	⑤



Order No.	Flow rate activation point [l/min]	Actuation curve as per diagram
171-210-061 171-210-062 171-210-063 171-210-064 171-210-065	1.3 1.9 3.0 4.5 6.5	① ② ③ ④ ⑤

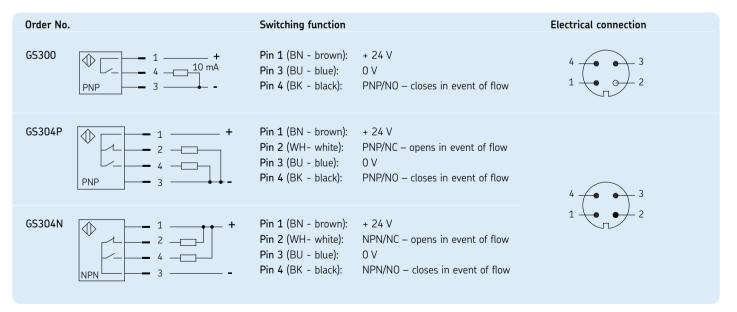
GS300, GS304N, GS304P

Flow sensors for monitoring of lubricant feedright at the lube point



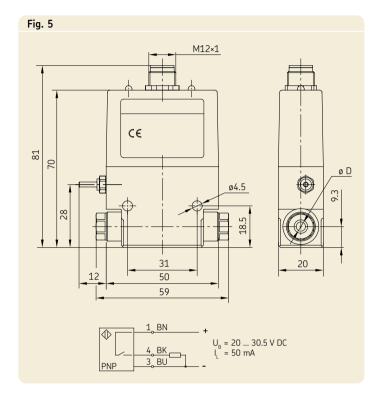
Technical data
Measuring principle calorimetrical
Suitable metered quantities from 0.01 to 0.6 cm ³ /pulse
Clock frequency ³) max. 4 pulse/min
Lubricant oil (10 to 2000 mm ² /s)
Max. operating pressure 40 bars
Operating temperature +10 °C to +50 °C
Installation directly upstream of lube point
Vibration resistance 20 g (DIN/IEC 68-2-27, 10-2000 Hz)
Impact resistance 50 g (DIN/IEC 68-2-27, 11 ms)
³) Sensor needs 30 sec. of warmup time.

Electrical data
Rated voltage U _N 24 V DC
Residual ripple
Working range U _A
Max. power consumption I _E 25 mA
Pulse output3s
Load current I _A for GS300 max. 10 mA
for GS304 max. 500 mA per output
Output protection short-circuit protection
Built-in plug circular connector
with M12×1 screw plug



GS4011-S.., GS6011-S..

The oil-streak sensors monitor the continuity of the oil flow in oil+air lubrication systems



So-called oil+air centralized lubrication systems are used to supply high-speed rolling bearings in tool spindles. The bearings are supposed to be supplied with extremely small quantities of lubricant (minimal-quantity lubrication) in the case of these applications. To achieve such small quantities of oil per unit of time, what was originally a relatively large drop of oil is torn apart by a current of air on its way from the metering point to the bearing. The oil to be delivered is fed in the line to the bearing as a thin flow of lubricant along the wall.

Monitoring:

So far, only the metered quantity of oil from the metering element has been checked upstream of the oil and air mixing point. The oilstreak sensor makes it possible to monitor the transport of a fine current of oil along the secondary line's wall downstream of the oil and air mixing point. The closer the sensor is located to the lube point, the more reliable the system monitoring.

Technical data

Measuring principle optical			
Fluid	oil+air		
Max. operating pressure	10 bars		
Operating temperature	0 to +60 °C		
Mounting position	any		

Electrical data

Rated voltage U _N	
Operating range U_B	
Max. power consumption I _E 40 mA	
Type of enclosure	
Outputs pnp type	
closes when oil streaks detected, opens when there are none	

Color coding with standard sensor cables:

_		 		
	brown (BN)	 	 . +24\	/
	blue (BU)	 	 . GND	
	black (BK)	 	 . make	contact
	white (WH)		hreak	contact

1) Protective measure to be taken for operation in conformity with "Functional Extra-Low Voltage with Safety Separation" (PELV = Protective Extra-Low Voltage)

Accessories:

Connection cable with straight cable socket, 4-pole type, length 5 m, order No. DS-E.U2 Socket, 90° angled, order No. 179-990-372

Order No.	Plastic tubing ø D	Flow rate
GS4011-S20	4	120 – 600
GS4011-S50	4	60 – 120 mm³/h
GS6011-S20	6	120 – 600
GS6011-S50	6	60 – 120
GS4011-S300	4	from 2 mm ² /pulse
GS6011-S300	6	from 2

Flow Monitors and Sensors Notes

Order No. 1-1704-EN

Subject to change without notice! (08/2009)

Important product usage information

All products from SKF may be used only for their intended purpose as described in this brochure and in any instructions. If operating instructions are supplied with the products, they must be read and followed. Not all lubricants are suitable for use in centralized lubrication systems. SKF does offer an inspection service to test customer supplied lubricant to determine if it can be used in a centralized system. SKF lubrication systems or their components are not approved for use with gases, liquefied gases, pressurized gases in solution and fluids with a vapor pressure exceeding normal atmospheric pressure (1013 mbars) by more than 0.5 bar at their maximum permissible temperature.

Hazardous materials of any kind, especially the materials classified as hazardous by European Community Directive EC 67/548/EEC, Article 2, Par. 2, may only be used to fill SKF centralized lubrication systems and components and delivered and/or distributed with the same after consulting with and receiving written approval from SKF.

Further brochures:

1-0103-EN Fittings and Accessories

1-1730-EN Electric Plug-and-Socket Connectors

1-9201-EN Transport of Lubricants in Centralized Lubrication Systems

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